

GACE[®] Science Assessment Test II (025) Curriculum Crosswalk

Subarea I. Life Science (60%)							
<i>Objective 1: Understands the structure of cells and basic cellular processes, including genetics</i>							
A. Understands the basic structure and function of cells and their organelles							
Structure and function of cell membranes							
 Structure and function of animal and plant cell organelles 							
 Levels of organization and scale (molecules, cells, tissues, organs, organ systems) 							
Major features of common animal cell types							
Prokaryotes and eukaryotes							
B. Understands key aspects of cell reproduction and division							
Cell cycle							
Mitosis							
Meiosis							
Cytokinesis							
C. Understands the basic biochemistry of life							
Cellular respiration (aerobic and anaerobic)							
Photosynthesis							
 Structure and function of biological molecules, such as DNA, carbohydrates, proteins, lipids, and enzymes 							

D. Understands basic genetics							
Structure and function of DNA and RNA							
Chromosomes, genes, and alleles							
Dominant and recessive traits							
 Mendelian inheritance, including genotype, phenotype, use of Punnett squares, and pedigrees 							
 Mutations, chromosomal abnormalities, and common genetic disorders 							
<i>Objective 2: Understands mechanisms of evolution, characteristics of organisms, and principles of ecology</i>							
A. Understands the theory and key mechanisms of evolution							
Mechanisms of evolution							
Isolation mechanisms and speciation							
 Supporting evidence, including the fossil record, comparative genetics, and homologous structures 							
B. Understands the elements of the hierarchical classification scheme							
Classification schemes							
 Characteristics of bacteria, animals, plants, fungi, and protists 							
Characteristics of viruses							
C. Understands the major structures of plants and their functions							
 Characteristics of vascular and nonvascular plants 							

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D. Understands the basic anatomy and physiology of animals, including the human body I <td>Uptake and transport of nutrients and water</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Uptake and transport of nutrients and water								
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	F. Understands community ecology								
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	Species diversity								

 Interspecific relationships, such as predator-prey and parasitism 							
G. Understands ecosystems							
• Biomes							
 Stability and disturbances, such as glaciation, climate change, and succession 							
 Energy flow, such as trophic levels and food webs 							
Subarea II. Earth and Space Science (40%)							
<i>Objective 1: Understands geology, including Earth's structure, rocks, minerals, plate tectonics, and historical geology</i>							
A. Understands the types and basic characteristics of rocks and minerals and their formation processes							
The rock cycle							
 Characteristics of sedimentary, igneous, and metamorphic rocks and their formation processes 							
 Characteristics of minerals and their formation processes 							
B. Understands the processes involved in erosion, weathering, and sedimentation of Earth's surface materials							
Erosion and sedimentation							
Chemical and physical weathering							
Characteristics of soil							
Porosity and permeability							

C. Understands Earth's basic structure and internal processes							
 Earth's layers, such as the crust, mantle, and core 							
Shape and size of Earth							
Geographical features							
Earth's magnetic field							
D. Understands plate tectonic theory							
Folding and faulting							
 Processes at plate boundaries, such as seafloor spreading 							
Basic characteristics of various types of volcanoes							
 Basic characteristics of earthquakes, including seismic waves and triangulation 							
E. Understands historical geology							
Principle of uniformitarianism							
 Basic principles of relative age dating, including superposition, stratigraphic correlation, and fossil succession 							
Absolute (radiometric) dating							
Geologic time scale (era and periods)							
 Fossil record as evidence of the origin and development of life, including fossilization methods, mass extinctions, ice ages, and meteor impacts 							

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C. Understands major features of the universe								
Galaxies								
Characteristics of stars and their life cycles								
Dark matter								
Theories of the origin of the universe								
• Technology and measurement techniques used to investigate the universe, such as telescopes, spectroscopes, and probes								